

Yorkshire Energy Doctor (YED) - Young People with Energy

Funding GDN(s)	Northern Gas Networks
For Collaborative VCMA Projects:	Role of GDN(s) N/A
Date of PEA submission:	01 April 2021
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Total cost (£k)	*detailed separately
Total VCMA funding required (£k)	*detailed separately

1. Problem(s)

This should outline the problem(s) which is/are being addressed by the VCMA Project

At the point when young people start living independently, no teaching nor education is given around how to use energy efficiently and safely in the home, the actions that can be taken to reduce costs, nor how the world of energy suppliers works — everyone is expected to just get on with it. As such, many young people are likely to be paying more than they need to for their bills, not realising the financial impact the cost of energy can have on their income, putting themselves at risk of accruing debt and putting up with cold homes, due to limited awareness of ways and schemes that can help make homes warmer. This all puts people at risk of fuel poverty.

Government statistics show that households where the oldest person is under 25, have higher levels of fuel poverty than any other age group and young people are more likely to be living in privately rented accommodation, with poorer energy efficiency standards. This also raises the issue of the servicing and repair of appliances, which is a concern when some private landlords do not always fulfil their obligations in relation to gas safety. As a consequence, there is an increased risk of carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning in these properties. In many cases, young people don't seek help until they have got into difficulties with utility bills and appliances fall into disrepair, at which point it is much harder to catch-up again and from a gas safety perspective, can have serious consequences.

1.1 The solution

This project will target young people aged 16-25 who have responsibility for paying gas and electricity bills in their home. It will educate them around energy use and ways to reduce their costs and stay safe, whilst also looking to inspire them to get involved in awareness-raising campaigns themselves. They will be engaged via a steering group of organisations, who represent cohorts such as young carers, care leavers and youth charities. A variety of mediums will be used for training and engagement and a toolkit will be developed, which will be used with young people. One to one advice will also be provided via digital platforms.

2. Scope and Objectives

The scope and objectives of the VCMA Project should be clearly defined including the benefits which would directly impact customers on the participating GDNs' network(s), and where the benefits of the VCMA Projects lie.

2.1 Shared Purpose

The overall aim of this project is to engage with young people to improve their knowledge and understanding of energy use, energy bills and CO safety.

2.2 The objectives of this initiative are:

- Improve confidence in managing household budgets
- Reduce worry and anxiety about utility bills
- Improve financial stability and reduce vulnerability to fuel debts
- Generate financial savings on energy bills
- Ensure they are warm and well in their homes



- Establish a steering group of key organisations in North Yorkshire, i.e. representatives of those public/voluntary sector organisations which support young carers, care leavers, young parents, young people with disabilities, social housing providers, youth charities etc
- Work with these organisations to develop an energy saving toolkit that staff can use with young people
- Provide training and support to staff and volunteers from these organisations around energy awareness and how they can use the toolkit to integrate energy advice into their work
- Provide and develop awareness sessions, activities and campaigns for young people to learn about energy and how to manage bills
- Encourage young people to develop and roll-out their own awareness raising campaigns
- Provide one-to-one advice to young people via technological platforms such Zoom

3. Why the Project is being funded through the VCMA

This should include an explanation of why the VCMA Project meets the VCMA eligibility criteria. This is a requirement

This project qualifies under the criteria for the VCMA funding, as it will support young people in vulnerable situations, in particular young people aged 16-25 that are:

- Care leavers
- Young carers
- Young people with a mental or physical disability
- Young parents
- Young people moving into their first tenancy
- Young people who are NEET (not in education, employment or training)
- Individuals on a low income

Working with young people in vulnerable situations is vitally important for several reasons:

- Young people are rarely prioritised in fuel poverty initiatives, yet government statistics show
 that households where the oldest person is under 25 have higher levels of fuel poverty than
 any other age group
- Young people are more likely to be living in privately rented accommodation with poorer energy efficiency and safety standards
- A confused.com survey shows that half of young people have never switched their energy supplier, so will be paying more than necessary
- A study by the debt charity Step Change shows increased level of borrowing amongst young age groups, with 75% of 18-24 year olds having unsecured debts
- Covid-19 is causing particular financial hardship for the under 25's who have seen the highest level of unemployment of all age groups, with a corresponding high increase in Universal Credit applications
- Under 25s have experienced more mental health issues than any other group during CV-19



The project's ultimate aim is to mitigate against fuel poverty, reducing anxiety around utility
costs and ensuring young people can better afford to be warm and safe in their home. The
project therefore aligns to NGN's Vulnerability Strategy themes around financial hardship and
mental health.

There will be no collaboration from other GDN's nor other funded sources.

3.1 Eligibility criteria

- This project will have a positive SROI
- This project will support NGN's Vulnerability Strategy by aligning with the financial hardship and mental health themes
- Has defined outcomes as required (see outcomes section)
- Goes beyond NGN's licence obligations and price control funded mechanisms

4. Evidence of stakeholder/customer support

This should provide information of the customer engagement that has taken place in the development of VCMA Projects where appropriate. If there is no evidence of stakeholder engagement or customer support, this should justify why it was not appropriate to engage with stakeholders and customers.

Within the Northern Gas Networks region, we serve 2.7 million gas-using households. The socio-economic characteristics of our region mean that we operate in many communities that are amongst the most economically deprived in the whole country. This was a key factor in our prioritising engagement with vulnerable and hard-to-reach groups of customers, telling them about our services, about what we do and how we could improve.

Each year, we undertake analysis of all the insight we've heard in the previous year to prioritise those issues our stakeholders most want to engage on. Over the past 12-18 months, we've done this in a number of ways.

4.1 Customers in Vulnerable Situations (CIVS) Workshops 2019 – 2020

Asking our stakeholders what's important – using our wide range of engagement mechanisms from strategic workshops to customer perceptions, we asked stakeholders to prioritise what is most important to them. This includes -(including digital engagement in light of CV-19.) During 2019-2020 we held multiple workshops with our stakeholders on the subject of CIVS customers in vulnerable situations. In During our July 2020 workshop, stakeholders discussed new emerging issues due to Covid-19, what the impact of the pandemic has on hidden vulnerability and how the current pandemic impacted demand for essential services to support CIVS. Our stakeholders told us some of the main impacts have been associated with mental health issues and an increase in food/fuel poverty.

In the CV-19 specific workshop held in August 2020, our stakeholders also identified that larger energy bills was an issue due to the pandemic. They stated that larger energy bills were due to



spending more time at home due to lockdown, especially during winter. Demand for energy advice dropped but more general enquiries were evident in relation to redundancy and benefits advice. They also mentioned that mental health had been significantly impacted by the pandemic and in particular, for young people, students and disabled people, who felt more socially isolated due to the lockdown.

In January 2021 we held a specific fuel poverty workshop. During this workshop our stakeholders said it would be good for NGN to us partners to promote the Fuel Poor Network Extension Scheme (FPNES). They also said that fuel, food and general poverty are all linked and we need more streamlined ways of working together. Feedback told us that partners can help raise awareness of different funding available and in relation to this project, the linking up of organisations by way of a steering group will address that point. This project fully aligns with the need to help young people in fuel poverty and those on low incomes, to enable them to gain the knowledge and understanding of how to manage their energy bills and stay safe, in order to prevent fuel poverty and health issues in the future.

4.2 Customer Engagement Group (CEG)

<u>This group provides Provide</u> an independent oversight into the actions we take to support <u>CIVS. our customers in vulnerable situations</u>. Checking we've got it right – using a range of engagement mechanisms to assess and challenge our response to stakeholder feedback, ensuring we are responding in the right way. This has offered us robust challenges into how we deal with <u>CIVS</u> <u>customers in vulnerable situations</u> which meets the needs of our stakeholders.

4.3 Social Indicator Mapping, Covid 19 Research and Vulnerability Mapping Tool (VMT)

Social Academic research social indicator mapping took place in 2019 and further research around CV-19 impact was undertaken in July 2020. This was shared as part of our stakeholder engagement. A new VMT has been demonstrated to stakeholders, to highlight any vulnerability gaps we have on our network. The VMT system allows you to add multiple factors of vulnerability together, to create a heat map for where factors combine to create areas of highest need. For example in this scenario, age demographic and associated tenure can be identified, as well as fuel poverty hot spots. All data can be mixed and matched and the VMT to answer complicated questions, e.g. see where there are a high number of older people living in low energy efficient housing and in fuel poverty. has also been updated to reflect more emerging issues.

Feedback from our social indicator mapping research indicated that approximately 1.04 million people in the NGN area live with hypertension and 600,000 young people aged 18+ suffer from depression and other mental health problems.

Specifically, in relation to this project, stakeholders asked us to prioritise working with vulnerable customers in fuel poverty and customers with mental health challenges. People living in fuel poverty often have to choose between heating or eating. As a further consequence of this and due to financial hardship, part of which is debt, (further compounded by the pandemic) the repair, maintenance and replacement of gas appliances may not be a priority for this group. The impact of this is an increased risk of CO poisoning, from appliances that aren't working correctly and to standard. Young people who are moving to independent living are more at risk of this issue, due to the fact that they are unlikely to have ever been exposed to energy issues, fuel bills and appliance



safety. Those living in private rented accommodation may also lack the awareness and confidence to approach a landlord, to discuss appliance safety and associated CO risks.

In our wider stakeholder engagement programme, we have heard very strongly how safety is at the forefront of stakeholders' minds. Stakeholders see a strong correlation between safety and our social obligations and have told us that it is essential that we continue to raise awareness of carbon monoxide, because doing so saves lives.

CV-19 research commissioned by NGN in June 2020, highlighted the conclusions below. This provides further evidence to support YED's project.

- > The most severely impacted include those with multiple risk factors and vulnerabilities
- Those with severe health risks who were shielding faced multiple difficulties
- > Different vulnerability factors tend to be concentrated in the same local areas
- > Covid-19 impacts extend beyond vulnerable people to the organisations who support them
- ➤ Potential responses to Covid-19 impacts on vulnerable groups are wide ranging and likely to involve operational practices, communication to customers, action on fuel poverty, and help for vulnerable customers and the groups who support them.

4.4 Vulnerability Strategy AAA Framework

Within our V-vulnerability Strategy we have developed, with the help of our stakeholders, the 'AAA' framework. This helps us support our customers in vulnerable situations. Awareness, Accessibility and Action. By adapting this principles-based approach into our AAA framework, we will ensure that all customers are treated fairly and consistently. The themes of rurality, financial hardship and mental health as part of this project, align to NGN's vulnerabilitystrategy.

5. Outcomes, associated actions, and success criteria

Details of the VCMA Project outcomes and the associated actions to achieve these, interim milestones and how the Funding Licensee will evaluate whether the project has been successful. Each action should have a proportion of the funding allocated.

5.1 Outcomes

- Training provided to 75 members of staff who work with young people on energy awareness and the toolkit
- 150 young people given energy advice using the new toolkit
- 50 young people receive one-to-one specialist energy advice
- 80 young people engaged through awareness sessions and other activities
- 15 young people actively participate in developing and launching their own campaigns
- 100 young people engaged via campaign materials

Success criteria



- Steering group in place to oversee the project this will involve representatives of key organisations that support vulnerable young people
- Production of a toolkit that staff can use when supporting young people on energy issues

6. Project Partners and third parties involved

Details of Project Partners or third-party involvement

The project partners involved are North Yorkshire County Council's Leaving Care Team, North Yorkshire County Council's Early Help Teams. Housing Options Teams (from Local Authorities with their own housing stock). Housing associations and carer's support organisations (e.g. Carers Count and Carers Resource). KeyRing and North Yorkshire Youth.

7. Potential for new learning

Details of what the GDN(s) expect to learn and how the learning will be disseminated.

The project will firstly produce a toolkit that could be used further afield by other professionals that support vulnerable young people. Learn about the most effective ways of engaging with young people on energy, both in terms of messaging and communication methods, as well as about any specific challenges they face around energy bills, appliance safety and keeping warm.

This learning can then be shared in other geographical areas and with other agencies that support young people. This will be done through the relevant contacts we have established across the north of England through the YED Community Energy Ambassadors project and by directly approaching other key agencies. Look into developing online workshops and training on the toolkit which will be used to identify additional opportunities, to work with other organisations going forward. The project will also look to share learning through forums such as NEA' Fuel Poverty Forums.

8. Scale of VCMA Project and SROI calculations

The Funding Licensee(s) should justify the scale of the VCMA Project – including the scale of the investment relative to its potential benefits. As part of this, it should provide the SROI calculation.

This project has a positive SROI return.

VCMA Project start and end date

Detail start and end date of the VCMA Project and, where relevant, the VCMA Project that preceded this initiative.

1st April 2021 – 31.03.2023

Geographic area

Details of where the VCMA Project will take place. If the VCMA Project is collaborative, the Funding Licensee area(s) in which the project will take place should be identified.

The project will take place in the geographical area covered by North Yorkshire County Council, which is the county of North Yorkshire excluding the city of York. It covers the following local authority areas: Craven, Hambleton, Harrogate, Richmondshire, Ryedale, Scarborough, and Selby



Approved by

Eileen Brown Customer Experience Director