Sub Appendix

A19:B

NGN Asset Integrity Investment Methodology

RIIO-GD1

Sub Appendix

A19:B

Asset Integrity Investment Methodology



Asset Integrity Investment Methodology

- Overriding principle is to invest only where clear benefits are delivered.
- Focus is on Total Network Management (TNM) with asset management by our Customer Operations Area Managers (COAMs).
- This is not an aggressive Investment plan.
- However priorities are shifting due to asset condition.
- Majority of assets have been in operation for over 40 years.
- We have a robust track record of maintaining not unnecessarily replacing assets.

Asset Integrity Investment Methodology

- Risks have been evaluated and balanced across asset categories.
- Criticality has provided the ability to drive performance at local level.
- NGN has achieved a major step change in understanding asset health.
- Ahead of original timescales for gathering asset health data.
- First cut assessment now complete and moving into detailed site surveys.
- We have used Subject Matter Expert (SME) assessment balanced with detailed asset failure data.
- Data gaps do exist however we understand where they are we are able to close out.

Asset Health Category 18 - Pressure Reduction Installations Above 7 bar. GREEN

Asset Health - NGN Overview

- Purpose: To give an overview of NGN's approach to Asset Health.
- Structure: three categories:
 - PRI's (deep dive Pre-Heating) Green
 - Telemetry above 7 bar (deep dive Energy Flow Measurement) Amber
 - Special Crossings below 7 bar (Deep dive non N2 Sleeves) Red
- Out of the 47 categories (including sub categories)
 - 40% Green
 - 54% Amber
 - 6% Red

Robust data and/or confident in assumptions

Good data - improvement required, but confident in assumptions

Data unavailable or poor quality – requires more date but based on solid assumptions

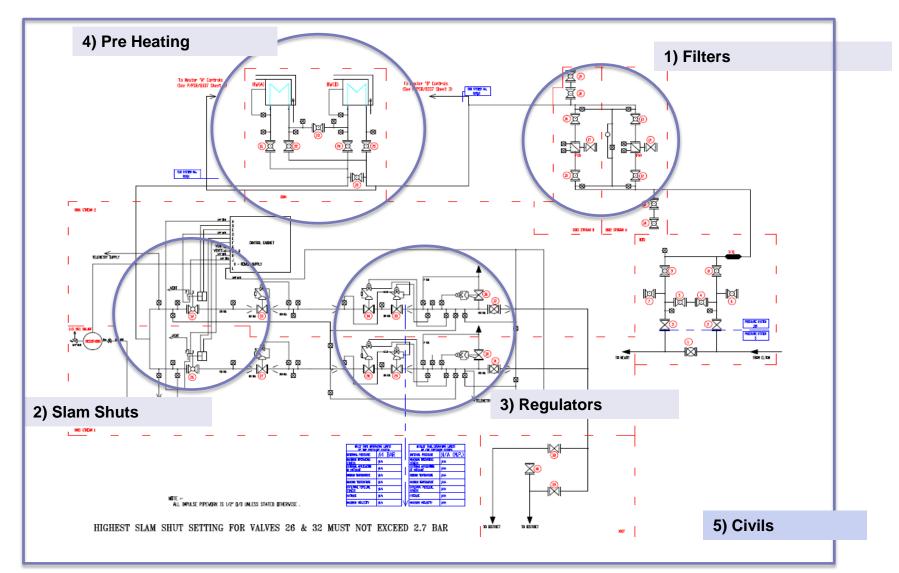
Asset Health Category 18 - Pressure Reduction Installations above 7 bar

The challenge:

- PRI's have multiple independent components parts.
- Different component parts have different asset health and criticality indices.
- Different parts of the PRI may have been modified / upgraded at different moments in time.

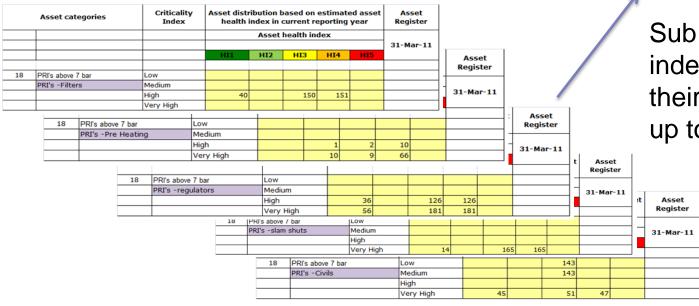
How do you correctly define the asset health of an above 7 bar PRI taking into account the factors above?

Sub Categorisation: A practical Solution



The Master Table - Supported by the sub tables

	Asset categories	Criticality Index	Asset distr health i		Asset Register			
				Asset I	nealth inc	lex		
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5	
18	PRI's above 7 Bar	Low	0	0	143	0	0	
		Medium	0	0	143	0	0	
		High	76	1	278	287	0	
		Very High	115	10	406	459	0	



Sub tables populated independently against their own criteria rolling up to the master table.

Pre Heating - Deep Dive

Pre-heating represents a significant investment throughout RIIO-GD1. This investment line has been driven by the asset health assessment.

The network believes it could have a potentially significant issue with site preheating throughout and after RIIO-GD1 if this critical issue is not addressed.

Our above 7 bar PRI's currently have:

- 67 Water Bath Heaters (WBH); and
- 33 Boiler packages

Within RIIO-GD1 the network is forecasting to replace / upgrade:

- 16 WBH (24%)
- 20 Boiler Packages (65%)



Criticality Criteria

C1	Very High	Heating on site with an above 15 bar pressure drop. (in line with IGE/TD/13)
C2	High	Heating on site with a below 15bar pressure drop. (in line with IGE/TD/13)

Criticality for Pre-Heating has been based on the physical characteristics of the site based on the requirements outlined in IGE/TD/13.

The network considers Pre-Heating on site to be a critical activity, failure of the Pre-Heating system can cause physical damage to the surrounding area (frost heave) and could ultimately damage equipment and cause loss of gas through freezing of control pilots.

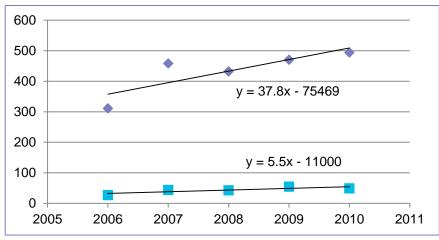
Asset Health Criteria

		Water Bath Heaters	Boiler packages		
HI1	New or as new	WBHs under 10 years old	Boiler packages under five years old		
HI2	Good or serviceable condition	WBHs 10 to 20 years old.	Boiler package/heat exchangers, five to ten years old		
HI3	Deterioration, requires assessment or monitoring	WBHs 20 to 30 years old	Boiler package/heat exchangers, 10 to 15 years old.		
HI4	Material deterioration, intervention requires consideration	WBHs over 30 years old	Boiler package/heat exchangers, between 15 to 20 years old		
HI5	End of serviceable life, intervention required	WBHs with over fifty faults in last 5 years.	Boilers packages over 20 years old		

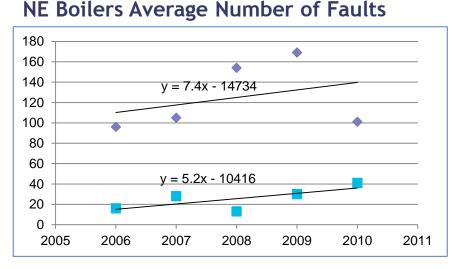
Pre-Heating has been classified based on a combination of age, deterioration assessment data and SME assessment.

Deterioration Rates

NE WBH Average Number of Faults



NE Poilors Avorago Number of Faults



WBH

- Once over 40 faults in five years has been reached there is a ongoing significant deterioration in asset health.
- Below 40 faults in five years show a minimal increase in deterioration.
- NGN has based its replacement i.e. HI5 threshold on 50 faults in five years identifying the programme through constant monitoring.

Boiler Packages

- Using the same 40 faults in five years criteria there is a ongoing deterioration in asset health with a consistently high number of faults.
- Below forty faults in five years show a lower increase in deterioration.
- NGN has based its replacement i.e. HI5 threshold on 50 faults in five years and we anticipate that a significant number of boilers will achieve this threshold considering historic age, fault data coupled with manufacturers guidelines and SME assessments.

The Data

LDZ	Pipeline Section	Brief Description of the purpose of the site	Installation Name Sites	Pre Heating	No WBH	No HE	Faults in five	RITICALITY
_	_	_	▼ [_		•	1	- (▼
NO	Salt Cavity	50 to 19 bar PRI (Regulator)	Cowpen Bewley Regulator	VBH x4	4		644	
NO		50 to 19 bar (Regulator)	Seal Sands Regulator (19 bar)	WBH x2	2		314	
NO	South Tees	40 to 2 bar PRI	Thornaby Vale	WBH x2	2		170	
NO	South Tees	40 to 0.45 bar PRI	Wilton Westgate	WBh x2	2		120	
NO	Downrated	38 to 19 bar PRI (Regulator)	Tanfield	WBH x2	2		107	
NE	Central West 17 bar	17 to 2 bar PRI	Chapel Haddlesey	HE x1		1	94	
NE	Central West 17 bar	17 to 2 bar PRI	Keighley	HE x1		1	91	
NO		38 to 6.9 bar PRI	Hazelrigg	HE x2		2	88	vh
NO	South Tees	12 to 0.28 bar PRI	Bluebell	HE x2		2	81	h
NO		17 to 2 bar PRI	Low Thornley (Rowlands Gill)	Elec x1		1	81	h
NO		70 to 19 bar PRI (Regulator)	Hepscott Regulator 19bar	WBH x2	2		62	vh
NO		70 to 2 bar PRI	Catterick	HE x2		2	61	vh
NE	Central West 17 bar	17 to 2 bar PRI	Crossgates	HE x1		1	58	h
NO	South Tees	40 to 6.9 bar PRI	Kirkleatham	WBH x2	2		55	vh
NO		70 to 6.9 bar PRI	Scremerston	WBH x2	2		55	vh
NO	Downrated	38 to 2 bar PRI	Ushaw Moor	WBH x2	2		55	vh
NO	Salt Cavity	50 to 19 bar PRI (Regulator)	Warden Law	HE x2		2	51	vh
NE	East Coast 38 bar	38 to 17 bar PRI (Regulator)	Pickering	WBH x2	2		50	vh
NO	South Tees	19 to 10 bar PRI (Regulator)	Durham Lane	WBh x2	2		49	h
NO	South Tees	40 to 2 bar PRI	Brotton	HE x2		2	48	vh
NE	Central West 17 bar	17 to 2 bar PRI	Dewsbury	WBH x1	1		46	h
NE	East Coast 38 bar	38 to 17 bar PRI (Regulator)	Saltend	WBH x2 HE x2	2	2	45	vh
NE	Central West 38 bar	38 to 7 bar PRI	Whinny Gill	HE x2		2	45	vh
NO		70 to 2 bar PRI	Springwell Lane	HE x2		2	42	vh
NO		17 to 6.9 bar PRI	Blaydon Regulator	WBh x2	1		41	h
NE	Central West 17 bar	17 to 2 bar PRI	Low Moor	HE x1		1	40	h
NE	Central West 17 bar	17 to 2 bar PRI	Hartshead Moor	HE x1		1	35	h
NE	Central West 38 bar	38 to 17 bar PRI (Regulator)	Whitehall Road	HE x2		2	34	vh
NO	Downrated	38 to 19 bar PRI (Regulator)	West Edmonsley Regulator	HE x2		2	25	vh
NE	Central West 38 bar	38 to 2 bar PRI	Knottingley	WBH x3	3		24	
NO	NO LDZ	19 to 6.9 bar PRI	Shap	WBH x1 Elec x2	1	2	24	
NO	South Tees	40 to 12 bar PRI (Regulator)	Newby	WBH x2	2		21	
NE	Central West 38 bar	38 to 2 bar PRI	Aberford	WBH x2	2		19	
NE	Central West 38 ba.	38 to 7 bar PRI	Askham Bryan	WBH x2			19	
	Wearside PRI Heating Of take H	19 to 2 har PRI leating Sheet3	Plawsworth	HE v2	J 4	2		

Cowpen Bewley is being undertaken this year.

Our above 7 bar PRI's currently have:

- 67 Water Bath Heaters
- 33 Boiler packages

Within RIIO-GD1 the network is expecting to replace/upgrade:

- 16 WBH (24%)
- 20 Boiler Packages (65%)

Financial Overview - Unit Cost Assumptions

- 1. Based on our extensive prior experience replacement of a WBH costs circa c. £400K on an above 7 bar PRI. Replacement of 16 WBHs would therefore cost £6.4m.
- 2. Upgrades of a boiler house (boiler replacements) would cost an estimated £150k per site. Upgrading 20 sites would give a total cost of £3m.
- 3. Installation of new boiler packages and associated heat exchangers etc are estimated to cost circa £600k per site. Total cost for upgrade on three sites is c. £1.8m.

Financial Overview - Forecast Expenditure

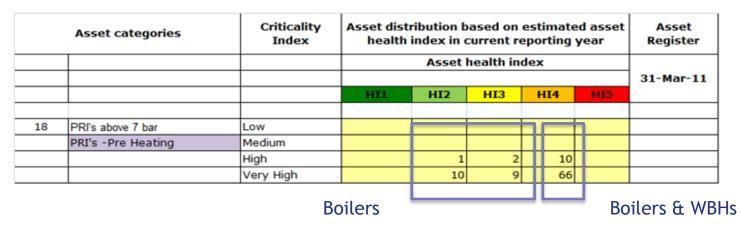
		PRI's abo	ve 7 bar -	Pre heatir	ıg				TOTAL				
Year	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	(£000K)				
New Pre heating Requirements	0	0	0	600	600	600	0	0	1,800				
Boiler upgrade	300	300	300	450	300	450	600	300	3000				
WBH Replacement (£000)	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	6400				
Total Cost	1100	1100	1100	1850	1700	1850	1400	1100	11200				
			Total Inve	stment PR	I's Above 7	Bar Pre-H	eating	£11.2m					
			Total Investment Offtakes Pre-Heating £9.3m										
			Total Pre Heating Investment £20.5m										

Different Asset Health Category 17 – Offtakes

See RIIO-GD1 Business Plan – Figure 7.33

Asset Health Tables

Asset Health at the start of RIIO-GD1



Asset Health with investment

	Asset categories					d on estin 31 March							
			Remaining useful life										
			Expected (50%)										
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5						
18	PRI's above 7 bar	Low											
	PRI's -Pre Heating	Medium											
			7			6							
		Very High	32			53							

Asset Health without investment

ı	Asset categories		Asset distribution based on estimated remaining useful life at 31 March 2021										
			Remaining useful life										
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5						
18	PRI's above 7 bar	Low											
	PRI's -Pre Heating	Medium											
		High				6	7						
		Very High				56	29						

3 New Boilers, 20 boiler Upgrades, 16 WBHs

Asset Health Category 22 - Telemetry above 7 bar AMBER

Asset Health Category 22 - Telemetry above 7 bar

In order to populate the 'telemetry above 7 bar' asset health table NGN broke this primary category down into 9 sub categories. These sub categories were designed to ensure NGN could evaluate all the constituent electrical and instrumentation systems.

No.	Subcategory
1	LTS Offtakes, Odorant upgrades
2	LTS Offtakes, Energy Flow Measurement
3	LTS Offtakes, Electrical Systems
4	LTS Offtakes, Instrumentation Systems
5	LTS Offtakes, Flow Metering Upgrades
6	LTS Above 7 bar Electrical Systems
7	LTS Above 7 bar, Instrumentation Systems
8	E&I Telemetry Communication
9	E&I Telemetry Outstations

The Master Table - Supported by the sub tables

	Asset categories	Criticality Index	Asset distr		Asset Register			
				Asset	health in:	dex		
								31-Mar-11
			HI1	HI2	HIЗ	HI4	HI5	
22	Telemetry & Control	Low	0	125	86	182	0	
		Medium	0	23	78	46	65	
		High	0	0	0	23	0	
		Very High	4	23	0	43	0	

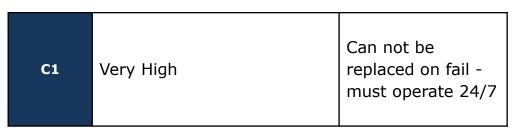
			Criticality	Asset di	stribution	based	d on estima	ted asset	A	sset							1110
	Asset categori	es	Index	healt	th index in	curre	nt reporting	j year	Reg	jister		_					the
					Asset	t healt	th index				Asset Registe						
									31-N	1ar-11	Registe	_	sset				up
				HI1	HI2	H	13 HI4	HI5			1-Mar-1						٦٢
22	Telemetry & Contro	I	Low								<u> </u>	\dashv		Asse			
	Offtakes - Odour	ant Tanks	Medium									31-	Mar-11	Regist			
			High									= -		-	\neg	Asset	
			Very High		4		2	O .]			31-Mar	-11	Register	Asset
				very ringir										l		31-Mar-11	Register
					High			1		2	10				-	31-Mdr-11	
					Very High			10		9	66						31-Mar-11
							High		36		126	126			$\neg \neg$]
							Very High		56		181	181					-
									ery High		14		165	165			l ———
									, ,	High					T		
										Very Hi	gh	4	15	5	1	47	

Sub tables populated independently against their own criteria rolling up to the master table.

Energy Flow Measurement - Deep Dive

Energy flow measurement equipment is critical to all networks to confirm and record the energy of the gas entering our system. Failure of this equipment would be a breach of GSMR regulations and cause significant issues for gas shippers.

Criticality



Asset Health

HI4 Material deterioration, intervention requires consideration

Component equipment tending towards obsolescence



Calorimeters and specifically the controllers on the network are now over 15 years old and are obsolete or have component parts tending towards obsolescence. Minimal spares / support is available and new improved calorimeters allow the network to ensure energy measurement accuracy and reliability using the latest IFI developed process/audit software.

Deterioration Rates

As is the case with a large amount of E&I based equipment, a significant factor affecting deterioration rates is obsolete equipment. E&I equipment and specifically the operating hardware / software is relatively fast moving, as such many of the deterioration rates have been based on SMEassessment and historical trends of equipment obsolescence.

Specifically relating to energy flow measurement:

- Deterioration rates have been determined at fiveyear intervals derived from a twenty year design life. The intervention required was based on network experience of upgrading this equipment and an estimate of asset depreciation rates linked to manufacturers guidance on design life.
- Specific to NGN our calorimeter controllers have not been manufactured for some time and minimal components are available. Skilled contractors to carry out expert work are also difficult to find. The calorimeters also have a have now been superseded and will become unsupported during the RIIO-GD1 period.

The Data

NGN Offtake C	alorimeters		
Site	Installation Date	Manufacturer	System Control Fault Data
Burley Bank	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Ganstead	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Pannal	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Paull	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Pickering	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Towton	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Bishop Auckland	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Wetheral	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Cowpen Bewley	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Elton	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Little Burdon	1995/6	Daniels	Yes
Saltwick	1995/6	Daniels	Yes

Financial Overview - Unit Cost Assumptions

- Calorimeters The calorimeters on the network are now 15 years old and are approaching obsolescence. It is expected that before the end of RIIO-GD1 period all 12 calorimeters will need major intervention. Calorimeter replacement is estimated at £100k per calorimeter. This will be undertaken at a rate of three pa from 2017 onwards.
- 2. Calorimeter controllers are now obsolete and unsupported and need replacement. Controller replacement, estimated at £10k per controller replaced at a rate of three pa from 2013 onwards.
- 3. Omni Flow Computers are now obsolete, there are some spares available but it is expected that a total replacement will be required towards the mid point of RIIO-GD1. Replacement also allows upgrades of the orifice flow calculation to the 2003 standard. The flow computers will be replaced at a rate of three pa starting 2017 meaning just over half are replaced in RIIO-GD1.
- 4. UPS replacement, estimated at £7K per site will be undertaken in a two year period.

Financial Overview - Forecast Expenditure

Energy Flow Measurement												
Year	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	(£000K)			
Calorimeter Replacement					300	300	300	300	1200			
Controller Replacement	30	30	30	30					120			
Omni Flow Computer Replacement					90	120	120	120	450			
UPS Replacement		56	56	49					161			
Cost (£000)	30	86	86	79	390	420	420	420	1931			
								_				
						Total Ir	ent	£1.9m				

Asset Health Tables

Asset Health at the start of RIIO-GD1

	Asset categories	Asset categories Criticality Index	Asset distribution based on estimated asset health index in current reporting year						
			Asset health index						
			HI1	HI2	ніз	HI4	HI5		
22	Telemetry & Control	Low							
	Offtakes - Energy Flow Measurement	Medium							
		High							
		Very High				23			

Asset Health with investment

	Asset categories		Asset distribution based on estimated remaining useful life at 31 March 2021					
				Rema	ining use	ful life		
				Exp	ected (50)%)		
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5	
22	Telemetry & Control	Low						
	Offtakes - Energy Flow Measurement	Medium						
		High						
		Very High	23					

Asset Health without investment

A	Asset categories		Asset distribution based on estimated remaining useful life at 31 March 2021						
				Ren	naining u	seful life			
				E	kpected (50%)			
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5		
22	Telemetry & Control	Low							
	Offtakes - Energy Flow Measurement	Medium							
		High							
		Very High					23		

Asset Health Category 3 - Special Crossings (< 7 bar) RED

Asset Health Category 3 - Special Crossings (< 7 bar)

In order to populate the 'Special Crossings (< 7 bar)' asset health table NGN broke this primary category down into two sub categories. These sub categories were designed to ensure NGN could evaluate all special crossings within the asset health system methodology.

No.	Subcategory
1	Non Nitrogen (N ₂₎ Sleeves
2	Over crossings

NGN currently have c.1700 <7 bar overcrossings. The investment through RIIO-GD1 will allow the upgrade of 140 crossings (8%).

The Master Table - Supported by the sub tables

Asset categories		Criticalit y Index		mated porting	Asset Register				
				Asset health index					
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5	11	
3	Overcrossings	Low	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Medium	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		High	0	0	1200	500	0	1700	
		Very High	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Asset categories Criticalit y Index			Asset distribution based on estimated asset health index in current reporting year					_	
				Asset	health i	ndex		31-Mar-	t	Asset Register
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5	11	lH	
									╛	31-Mar-11
3	Overcrossings	Low	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		Medium	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦	
		High	0	0	1200	500	0	1700	1-	
		Very High	0	0	0	0	0	0		
$\overline{}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·9··				200		1	
		V	ery High							

Sub tables populated independently against their own criteria rolling up to the master table.

Overcrossings - Deep Dive

According to NGN/PM/MAINT5 an above-ground crossing is defined as "an exposed pipe, or pipe within a sleeve, that crosses a particular feature or facility, above ground level". Failure to maintain these assets would be a breach of PSR regulations.

Criticality

C1	Very High	Crossings on pipelines where the loss of supply consequences will be great. (>100 customers). All> 7 bar crossings.
C2	High	Crossings on pipelines which can be back fed and therefore loss of supply is minimised. All < 7 bar crossings.

Most <7 bar overcrossings will be part of an integrated system, as such they have all been classified as 'High'.

Overcrossings - Deep Dive

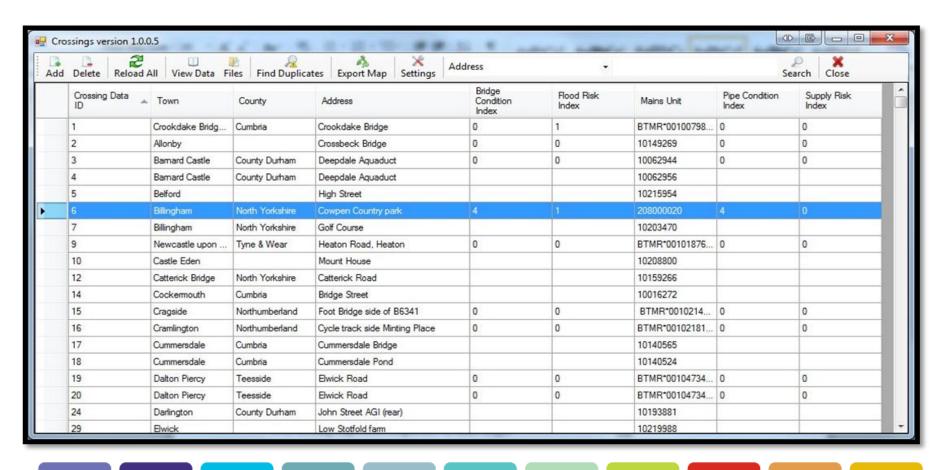
Asset Health

HI1	New or as new	< 20 years old
HI2	Good or serviceable condition	Recent inspection and no outstanding issues
ніз	Deterioration, requires assessment or monitoring	Remedial actions outstanding from previous surveys
HI4	Material deterioration, intervention requires consideration	Little information - Serious structural/corrosion issues
HI5	End of serviceable life, intervention required	Little information - Serious structural/corrosion Issues

It has been assumed using SME assessment and available data that many of the < 7 bar overcrossings currently fall in HI4 category or HI3 and require further assessment.

The Data

All data for overcrossings is held with the relevant experts (pipeline engineers) or within a database which is under development. Currently this database contains only a list of points where a pipe is exposed above ground.



The Data - Next Steps

As the database development progresses, each overcrossing will have a link to a display box showing details of the crossing. This box will be comprised of data retrieved from a risk survey, allowing asset risk management to gain a better understanding of the condition of this asset class

Crossing Details Save Close | Map Flood Map Crossing Details | Pipe Details Billingham North Yorkshire County Address Cowpen Country park E 448357 N 525908 Grid Reference Crossing Type Watercourse Cowbridge Beck CH11 Description Bridge Material Supports Poor condition - see report for details Bridge Ownership Inspection Regime Contact Name Telephone No -Construction Date 23 February 2011 -22 February 2011 -Next Inspection 23 February 2011 Flood Risk Index Condition Index 1 💠



Deterioration Rates

Overcrossings will deteriorate in time due to weather initiating corrosion as well as "one-off" natural incidents, such as flooding. Ongoing surveys and monitoring will identify upgrades required to ensure these assets are fit for purpose on a rolling program.

Deterioration rates have been determined in line with the same methodology as was determined for Asset Category 1: LTS Pipelines, whereby an assumed percentage of overcrossings are expected to deteriorate in health. This percentage is based on historic data, to project forward into RIIO-GD1.

Investment will be targeted at preventing this deterioration occurring and maintaining assets to a good working standard.

Financial Overview - Unit cost Assumptions

- The overcrossings in the network are of various ages and condition. Overcrossings
 are unlikely to be replaced entirely and the majority of works will include repainting,
 rewrapping and reinforcement to prevent deterioration or to repair damage from an
 environmental "one-off" such as flooding.
- 2. Based on previous remedial work carried out on overcrossings, a unit cost of £5K £30K has been estimated, covering all types of remedial work to be undertaken on overcrossings.

Financial Overview - Forecast Expenditure

Expenditure (£M)	13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21
Overcrossings	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

Overcrossings may require repainting, rewrapping and reinforcing to ensure they stay in a good and serviceable condition. A total of £2.4m has been allocated for overcrossings within our RIIO-GD1 plan. This is based on SME assessment and the data we have to date. It is believed this is sufficient investment to allow none of the overcrossing assets to be in HI4/HI5 at the end of RIIO-GD1, therefore delivering a significant removal of risk from the network.

See RIIO Business Plan – Figure 7.38

Asset Health Tables

Asset Health and Criticality - at the start of RIIO-GD1

	Asset categories Criticalit y Index			mated porting	Asset Register				
			HI1	HI2	ніз	HI4	HI5	11	
3	Overcrossings	Low	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Medium	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		High	0	0	1200	500	0	1700	
		Very High	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Asset Health and Criticality - With Investment

	Asset categories	Criticality Index	Asset distribution based on estimated remaining useful life at 31 March 2021					
				Remai	ining usef	ful life		
			Expected (50%)					
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5	
3	Overcrossings	Low						
		Medium						
		High		140	1200	360		
		Very High						

Asset Health and Criticality - Without Investment

	Asset categories Criticality Index				ion based ful life at (
			Remaining useful life				
			Expected (50%)				
			HI1	HI2	HI3	HI4	HI5
3	Overcrossings	Low					
		Medium					
		High			1200	360	140
		Very High					

Asset Health - Risk Scoring and Trade-Offs

Plant Status Register - Risk Scoring

	2										
Description				Scoring matricies							
								Failure of the	Potential		
								Safety Device	effect on		
									addition	3rd party	
Plant Status				_	_	Security of	Risk of Gas			Damage to	
			Status 💌	Safety Score 💌	Environmenta 💌	Supply 💌	release 💌	taken 💌	damage 💌	asset 💌	SCORE 💌
12021201	Flange Protectors East Bierley	BJ		0	0	0	5	0	1	0	6
	KIOSK roof Ysite - leaking felt										
	roof, down the wall, roof										
12021202	integrity looks OK	BJ		5	0	5	5	0	0	0	15
	KIOSK roof Xsite - leaking GRP										
	roof, over electrical cabinet,										
12021203	roof integrity looks OK	KS		20	0	5	5	0	15	0	45
	Axial Inspirator Block										
12021204	replacement at Z-site	AMcA		5	0	5	0	10	0	0	20
	Boiler Failure Chappel										
12021205	Haddelsey	NH		0	0	10	5	20	15	0	50
12021206	Odourant Tank Relief Valve	KS		30	5	5	0	0	1	0	41
12021207	WBH Ignition Systems at C-Site	AR		30	0	0	20	0	0	0	50
	WBH Ignition Systems All sites										
12021208	x90 WBH's	AR		30	0	0	20	0	0	0	50
	Kiosk Door at B-site sticking but										
12021209	secure	GP		5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	Kiosk Door at F-site unable to										
12021210	secure	GP		5	0	10	10	0	5	25	55

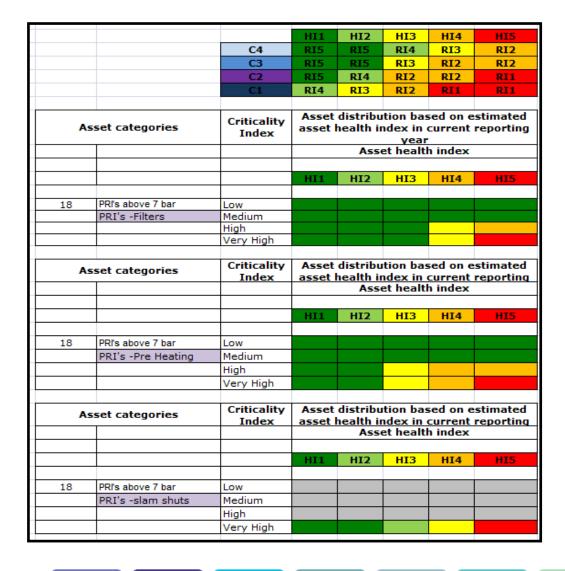
Within the RIIO-GD1 business plan there are two investment lines for Ancilliary and Auxiliary equipment. The work associated with these investment lines is predominantly made up of small operations led schemes for example, WBHcabinet upgrades, roofs, doors, site signage, intervention resulting from statutory inspections, obsolete equipment etc.

Investment 'Trade-Off's'

The Plant Status register will allow the identification of potential 'problems areas' which should be considered as bigger schemes. When these types of schemes are identified individual business cases will be developed and 'trades offs' may have to be made within the RIIO-GD1 business plan to identify project funding.

In essence this process will form a substantial part of the networks ability to react to changing operational issues in a clearly defined process which is both auditable and has a clear methodology for prioritising work. This will ultimately allow NGN to identify where trade offs for investment have taken place in a systematic process.

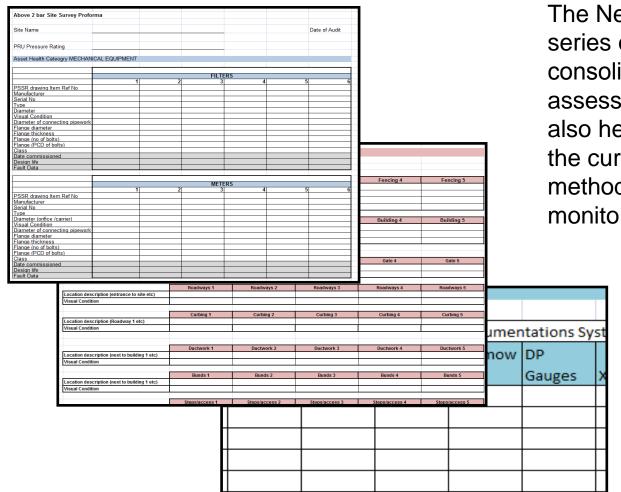
For consideration



NGN proposes to couple the asset health category risk profiling with the plant status register to drive the optimum investment solutions.

Asset Health - The Evolution

Surveys



The Network is now undertaking a series of targeted surveys to consolidate its 'first cut' asset health assessment. These surveys will also help assist in coupling some of the current deterioration rate methodology with risk based monitoring.

Conclusions

- NGN believes asset health measures are a key part of robust asset management:
 - Builds on work NGN has already undertaken; and
 - Compliments NGN's existing and future asset management strategies.
- NGN has made significant progress to developing fully populated measures.
- NGN's RIIO-GD1 capex forecasts are clearly linked to these measures.
- We aim to have fully populated measures driving investment for all asset categories before 2017.